AMENDMENTS

Amendments to the Claims

- (Currently amended) A method for extending the effective period during which tissue treated with a clostridial neurotoxin is paralyzed comprising:
 - a) contacting said tissue with a composition comprising an IGF-BP4 able to bind to an IGF-1-or-an IGF-2; and
 - b) contacting said tissue with a clostridial neurotoxin;

wherein binding of said IGF-BP4 with said IGF-1-or-said-IGF-2 prevents said IGF-1-or-said-IGF-2 from activating a cell surface receptor involved in the initiation of neural sprouting, thereby extending the effective period during which tissue treated with said clostridial neurotoxin is paralyzed as compared to treatment with said clostridial neurotoxin alone.

- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein step a) occurs at the same time as said tissue is treated with said clostridial neurotoxin.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein step a) occurs prior to treatment
 of said tissue with said clostridial neurotoxin.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein said clostridial neurotoxin comprises a botulinum neurotoxin.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein said—betulinum_clostridial neurotoxin comprises a BoNT/A.
- 6-25) (Canceled)

Application No.: 10/667,998 17259CON (BOT)

Dolly, J.O., et al., Compositions and Methods For Modulating Neural Sprouting

26) (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein said IGF-BP4 comprises SEQ ID NO: 1.